

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_dspr (f16pqc)

1 Purpose

nag_dspr (f16pqc) performs a rank-1 update on a real symmetric matrix stored in packed form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
```

```
void nag_dspr (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Integer n, double alpha,
               const double x[], Integer incx, double beta, double ap[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dspr (f16pqc) performs the symmetric rank-1 update operation

$$A \leftarrow \alpha x x^T + \beta A,$$

where A is an n by n real symmetric matrix, stored in packed form, x is an n element real vector, while α and β are real scalars.

4 References

The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001) www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order = Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.
- 2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*
On entry: specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored.
uplo = Nag_Upper
 The upper triangular part of A is stored.
uplo = Nag_Lower
 The lower triangular part of A is stored.
Constraint: **uplo = Nag_Upper** or **Nag_Lower**.
- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 4: **alpha** – double *Input*
On entry: the scalar α .

- 5: **x**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least $\max(1, 1 + (\mathbf{n} - 1)|\mathbf{incx}|)$.
On entry: the vector *x*.
- 6: **incx** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the increment in the subscripts of **x** between successive elements of *x*.
Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.
- 7: **beta** – double *Input*
On entry: the scalar β .
- 8: **ap**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ap** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times (\mathbf{n} + 1)/2)$.
On entry: the *n* by *n* symmetric matrix *A*, packed by rows or columns. The storage of elements a_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[(*j* - 1) \times *j*/2 + *i* - 1], for $i \leq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[(2*n* - *j*) \times (*j* - 1)/2 + *i* - 1], for $i \geq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[(2*n* - *i*) \times (*i* - 1)/2 + *j* - 1], for $i \leq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[(*i* - 1) \times *i*/2 + *j* - 1], for $i \geq j$.
On exit: the updated matrix *A*.
- 9: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.6 of the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **incx** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001)).

8 Further Comments

No test for singularity or near-singularity of *A* is included in nag_dspr (f16pqc). Such tests must be performed before calling this function.

9 Example

Perform rank-1 update of real symmetric matrix A , stored in packed storage format, using vector x :

$$A \leftarrow A - xx^T,$$

where A is the 4 by 4 matrix given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.30 & 4.00 & 0.40 & -0.28 \\ 4.00 & -4.87 & 0.31 & 0.07 \\ 0.40 & 0.31 & -8.02 & -5.95 \\ -0.28 & 0.07 & -5.95 & 0.12 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$x = (2.0, 2.0, 0.2, -0.14)^T.$$

9.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_dspr (f16pqc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double alpha, beta;
    Integer ap_len, exit_status, i, incx, j, n, xlen;

    /* Arrays */
    double *ap=0, *x=0;
    char nag_enum_arg[40];

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_UploType uplo;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A_UPPER(I,J) ap[J*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
#define A_LOWER(I,J) ap[(2*n-J)*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A_LOWER(I,J) ap[I*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
#define A_UPPER(I,J) ap[(2*n-I)*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    Vprintf( "nag_dspr (f16pqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Read the problem dimension */
    Vscanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &n);

    /* Read the uplo storage parameter */

```

```

Vscanf("%s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
/* nag_enum_name_to_value(x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
uplo = nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

/* Read scalar parameters */
Vscanf("%lf%lf%*[\n] ", &alpha, &beta);
/* Read increment parameter */
Vscanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &incx);

ap_len = n*(n+1)/2;
xlen = MAX(1, 1 + (n - 1)*ABS(incx));

if (n > 0)
{
    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(ap = NAG_ALLOC(ap_len, double)) ||
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC(xlen, double)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
}
else
{
    Vprintf("Invalid n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

/* Input matrix A and vector x */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
            Vscanf("%lf", &A_UPPER(i,j));
        Vscanf("%*[\n] ");
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
            Vscanf("%lf", &A_LOWER(i,j));
        Vscanf("%*[\n] ");
    }
}
for (i = 0; i < xlen; ++i)
    Vscanf("%lf%*[\n] ", &x[i]);

/* nag_dspr(f16pqc).
 * Rank one update of real symmetric matrix,
 * packed storage.
 */
nag_dspr(order, uplo, n, alpha, x, incx, beta, ap, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_dspr.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print updated matrix A */
/* nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).
 * Print real packed triangular matrix (easy-to-use)

```

```

*/
nag_pack_real_mat_print(order, uplo, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, ap,
    "Updated Matrix A", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

END:
if (ap) NAG_FREE(ap);
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);

return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

```

nag_dspr (f16pqc) Example Program Data
4                               :Value of n
Nag_Lower                       :Storage of A
-1.0    1.0                     :Values of alpha and beta
1                               :Value of incx
4.30
4.00  -4.87
0.40  0.31  -8.02
-0.28  0.07  -5.95  0.12    :End of matrix A
2.00
2.00
0.20
-0.14                           :End of vector x

```

9.3 Program Results

nag_dspr (f16pqc) Example Program Results

Updated Matrix A

	1	2	3	4
1	0.3000			
2	0.0000	-8.8700		
3	0.0000	-0.0900	-8.0600	
4	0.0000	0.3500	-5.9220	0.1004
